

COLORADO EXPANDS SMOKE-FREE LAW

New protections for workers, residents and visitors



PUBLIC PLACES ARE NOW VAPE-FREE



In 2019, the Colorado Legislature updated the Colorado Clean Indoor Air Act (passed in 2006) to expand smoke-free protections.

STARTING JULY 1, 2019:

- Vaping will not be allowed in indoor public places, including in all bars and restaurants
- People will have to be 25 feet from the main or front doorway when smoking or vaping unless defined differently by local law as of January 1, 2019.
- All hotel and motel rooms will be smoke and vape-free
- All businesses will be smoke and vape-free
- Common areas of assisted living facilities will be smoke and vape-free

Nicotine vapor products are dangerous for the user and expose bystanders to second-hand pollution that is not safe to breathe. These can include cancer-causing chemicals, heavy metals and nicotine.¹



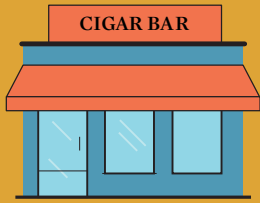
25 FT

To prevent exposure to secondhand smoke, you must be 25 feet or more away from the person who is smoking.

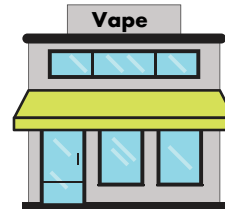


¹ National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine. 2018. Public Health Consequences of E-cigarettes. Washington, DC: The National Academies Press.

WHERE WILL SMOKING AND VAPING BE ALLOWED?



Cigar bars, that meet certain requirements.



Tobacco and vape retail shops that meet certain requirements.



Marijuana tasting rooms that meet certain requirements can allow smoking and vaping of marijuana only.

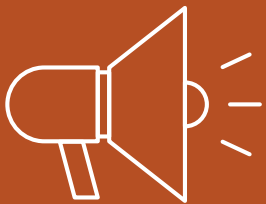


Buildings that are neither homes nor public places on farms or ranches earning less than \$500,000 per year in gross income. These could include barns or other outbuildings.



A majority of Coloradans (55.8%)

said they had to “put up with” someone smoking around them in public places. Outside the doorway to a building is the most common place Coloradans report being exposed to secondhand smoke.²



HELP MAKE SURE YOUR COMMUNITY IS PROTECTED
For more information: tobaccofreeco.org/smokefree

² University of Colorado, Community Epidemiology & Program Evaluation Group (2015). Tobacco Attitudes and Behavior Survey (TABS), Adult Tobacco Use and Exposure Colorado Results. Retrieved from: www.ucdenver.edu/academics/colleges/PublicHealth/community/CEPEG/TABS/Pages/TABS.aspx